

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR**  
**Course Structure and Syllabi for M.Pharm-Pharmaceutical Technology**  
**(JNTUA-Affiliated Pharmacy Colleges 2017-18)**

**I YEAR - I Semester**

S. No	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	C
1	17S01101	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	-	-	4
2	17S10101	Pharmaceutical Product Development and technology Transfer	4	-	-	4
3	17S08102	Novel Drug Delivery System	4	-	-	4
4	17S08103	Intellectual Property Rights	4	-	-	4
<b>5</b>	<b>17S10102</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical for Pharmaceutical Technology</b>	-	-	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>17S10103</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical Technology Practical - I</b>	-	-	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>17S10104</b>	<b>Seminar/Assignment</b>	-	-	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>
Total			16	-	19	26

**I YEAR II Semester**

S. No	Course Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1	17S08201	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	4	-	-	4
2	17S08202	Scale up and Technology Transfer	4	-	-	4
3	17S08203	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	4	-	-	4
4	17S03204	Cosmetics and Cosmoceuticals	4	-	-	4
5	17S10202	Pharmaceutical Technology Practical II	-	-	6	3
6	17S10203	Pharmaceutical Technology Practical III	-	-	6	3
7	17S10204	Seminar/Assignment	-	-	7	4
Total			16	-	19	26

### III SEMESTER

S.No	Subject Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	17S01301	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	4	-	-	4
2.	17S10301	Journal Club	1	-	-	1
3.	17S10302	Teaching Assignment	10	-	-	2
4.	17S10303	Comprehensive viva voce	-	-	-	2
5.	17S10304	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal presentation)	-	-	2	2
6.	17S10305	Research Work	-	-	28	14
Total			15	-	30	25

### IV SEMESTER

S.No	Subject Code	Subject	L	T	P	C
1.	17S10401	Journal Club	1	-	-	1
2.	17S10402	Research work	31	-	-	16
3.	17S10403	Discussion/ Final Presentation	3	-	-	3
Total			35	-	-	20

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**M. Pharm – I year I Sem. (Pharmaceutical Technology)**

**L T P C**  
**4 0 0 4**

**(17S01101) MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES**

**Scope**

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

**Objectives**

After completion of course student is able to know,

- Chemicals and Excipients
- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

**THEORY**

**60 HOURS**

1. 11 hrs
  - a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy.
  - b. IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy
  - c. Spectrofluorimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.
  - d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.
2. 11 hrs

NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.
3. 11 hrs

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy

4. 11hrs  
Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography  
5 11hrs

- a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following:  
a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis  
d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing  
b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, Xray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of Xray diffraction.  
c. Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays. 5hrs

## REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

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**(17S10101) PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY  
TRANSFER**

Scope

This deal with technology transfer covers the activities associated with Drug Substance, Drug Product and analytical tests and methods, required following candidate drug selection to completion of technology transfer from R&D to the first receiving site and technology transfer related to post-marketing changes in manufacturing places.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- To understand the new product development process
- To understand the necessary information to transfer technology from R&D to actual manufacturing by sorting out various information obtained during R&D
- To elucidate necessary information to transfer technology of existing products between various manufacturing places

THEORY

60 Hrs

1.

12Hrs

Principles of Drug discovery and development: Introduction, Clinical research process. Development and informational content for Investigational New Drugs Application (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA), Supplemental New Drug Application (SNDA), Scale Up Post Approval Changes (SUPAC) and Bulk active chemical Post approval changes (BACPAC), Post marketing surveillance, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.

2

12Hrs

Pre-formulation studies: Introduction/concept, organoleptic properties, purity, impurity profiles, particle size, shape and surface area. Solubility, Methods to improve solubility of Drugs: Surfactants & its importance, co-solvency. Techniques for the study of Crystal properties and polymorphism. Pre-formulation protocol, Stability testing during product development.

3

12Hrs

Pilot plant scale up: Concept, Significance, design, layout of pilot plant scale up study, operations, large scale manufacturing techniques (formula, equipment, process, stability and

quality control) of solids, liquids, semisolid and parenteral dosage forms. New era of drug products: opportunities and challenges.

4

12Hrs

Pharmaceutical packaging: Pharmaceutical dosage form and their packaging requirements, Pharmaceutical packaging materials, Medical device packaging, Enteral Packaging, Aseptic packaging systems, Container closure systems, Issues facing modern drug packaging, Selection and evaluation of Pharmaceutical packaging materials.

Quality control test: Containers, closures and secondary packaging materials.

5

12Hrs

Technology transfer: Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production, Optimization and Production, Qualitative and quantitative technology models.

Documentation in technology transfer: Development report, technology transfer plan and Exhibit.

## REFERENCES

1. The process of new drug discovery and development. I and II Edition (2006) by Charles G. Smith, James T and O. Donnell. CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
2. Leon Lac Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy. Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
3. Sidney H Willing, Murray M, Tuckerman. Williams Hitchings IV, Good manufacturing of pharmaceuticals (A Plan for total quality control) 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Bhalani publishing house Mumbai.
4. Tablets Vol. I, II, III by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Joseph B. Schwartz, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn. (1989) Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
5. Text book of Bio- Pharmaceutics and clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, Lea & Febrieger, Philadelphia.
6. Pharmaceutical product development. Vandana V. Patrevala. John I. Disouza. Maharukh T. Rustomji. CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
7. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bio-Equivalence by Abdou H.M, Mack Publishing company, Eastern Pennsylvania.
8. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, by Alfonso & Gennaro, 19<sup>th</sup> Edn. (1995) O2C Lippincott; Williams and Wilkins A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.

9. The Pharmaceutical Sciences; the Pharma Path way 'Pure and appliedPharmacy' by D. A Sawant, Pragathi Books Pvt. Ltd.

10. Pharmaceutical Packaging technology by D.A. Dean. E.R. Evans, I.H. Hall.1st Edition(Reprint 2006). Taylor and Francis. London and New York.

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**(17S08102) NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS**

**SCOPE**

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students in the area of novel drug delivery systems.

**Objective**

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The need, concept, design and evaluation of various customized, sustained and controlled release dosage forms.
- To formulate and evaluate various novel drug delivery systems

**THEORY**

60 Hrs

1.

12Hrs

Concept & Models for NDDS: Classification of rate controlled drug delivery systems (DDS), rate programmed release, activation modulated & feedback regulated DDS, effect of system parameters in controlled drug delivery, computation of desired release rate and dose for controlled release DDS, pharmacokinetic design for DDS – intermittent, zero order & first order release.

Carriers for Drug Delivery: Polymers / co-polymers introduction, classification, characterization, polymerization techniques, application in CDDS / NDDS, biodegradable & natural polymers.

2

12Hrs

a. Study of Various DDS: Concepts, design, formulation & evaluation of controlled release oral DDS, Mucoadhesive DDS (buccal, nasal, pulmonary) Pulsatile, colon specific, liquid sustained release systems, Ocular delivery systems

08Hrs

b. Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Theory, design, formulation & evaluation including iontophoresis and other latest developments in skin delivery systems.

04Hrs

c. Sub-Micron Cosmeceuticals: Biology, formulation science and evaluation of various cosmetics for skin, hair, nail, eye etc. and its regulatory aspects.

3

08Hrs

Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Importance, concept, biological process and events involved in drug targeting, design, formulation & evaluation, methods in drug targeting –nanoparticles, liposomes, niosomes, pharmacosomes, resealed erythrocytes, microspheres, magnetic microspheres. Specialized pharmaceutical emulsions – multiple emulsions, micro-emulsions.

4

04Hrs

Protein / Peptide Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, delivery techniques, formulation, stability testing, causes of protein destabilization, stabilization methods.

06Hrs

Biotechnology in Drug Delivery Systems: Brief review of major areas-recombinant DNA technology, monoclonal antibodies, gene therapy.

5

06Hrs

New trends for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.

## REFERENCES

1. Novel Drug Delivery System, Y.W. Chein, Vol 50, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Robinson, Vol 29, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Transdermal Controlled Systemic Medications, YW Chein, Vol 31, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Bioadhesive DDS, E. Mathiowitz, Vol 98, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Nasal System Drug Delivery, K.S.E. Su, Vol 39, Marcel Dekker, NY.
6. Drug Delivery Devices, Vol 32, P Tyle Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Polymers for Controlled Drug Delivery, P.J. Tarcha, CRC Press.
8. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Vyas, CBS, Delhi.
9. Biotechnology of Industrial Antibiotics, E.J. Vandamme, Marcel Dekker, NY.
10. Protein Formulation & Delivery, E.J. McNally, Vol 99, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Drug Targeting, M.H. Rubinstein, John Wiley, NY.

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**4 0 0 4**

**(17S08103) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in drug regulatory affairs

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Assist in Regulatory Audit process.
- Establish regulatory guidelines for drug and drug products
- The Regulatory requirements for contract research organization

**THEORY** 60 Hrs

1. 12 Hrs

Definition, Need for patenting, Types of Patents, Conditions to be satisfied by an invention to be patentable, Introduction to patent search. Parts of patents. Filing of patents. The essential elements of patent; Guidelines for preparation of laboratory note book, Non-obviousness in Patent.

2 Role of GATT, TRIPS, and WIPO 12 Hrs

3 12 Hrs

Brief introduction to Trademark protection and WHO Patents. IPR's and its types, Major bodies regulating Indian Pharmaceutical sector.

4 12 Hrs

Brief introduction to CDSCO. WHO, USFDA, EMEA, TGA, MHRA, MCC, ANVISA

5 12 Hrs

Regulatory requirements for contract research organization. Regulations for Biosimilars.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation: By Fra R. Berry and Robert A. Nash, Vol 57, 2nd Edition
2. Applied Production and Operation Management By Evans, Anderson and Williams

3. GMP for pharmaceuticals Material Management by K.K. Ahuja Published by CBS publishers
4. ISO 9000-Norms and explanations
5. GMP for pharmaceuticals- Willing S.H. Marcel and Dekker.

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**0 0 6 3**

**(17S10102) PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL FOR PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY**

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC / GC
4. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by Fluorimetry
5. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
6. Effect of surfactants on the solubility of drugs.

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**0 0 6 3**

**(17S10103) PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL-I**

1. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation
2. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets
3. Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS
4. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS
5. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.
6. Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.
7. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.
8. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.
9. Design and evaluation of face wash, body- wash, creams, lotions, shampoo, toothpaste, lipstick.
10. Electrophoresis of protein solution.
11. Preparation and evaluation of Liposome delivery system.
12. To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors

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**4 0 0 4**

**(17S08201) ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS**

**Scope**

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics are provided to help the students' to clarify the concepts.

**Objectives**

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use of raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters that best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.
- The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
- The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic

**THEORY**

**60 Hrs**

1. 12 hrs

Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH-partition theory of drug absorption. Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes-Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form, Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex.

2 12hrs

Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product

performance, in vitro:dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing, meeting dissolution requirements, problems of variable control in dissolution Testing performance of drug products. In vitro–in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability, considerations in the design of a drug product.

3

12 hrs

Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment model: two compartment - model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of  $k_{max}$  and  $v_{max}$ . Drug interactions: introduction, the effect of protein binding interactions, the effect of tissue-binding interactions, cytochrome p450-based drug interactions, drug interactions linked to transporters.

4

12 hrs

Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. Methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. Biopharmaceutics classification system, methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods. generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and bioequivalence studies, generic substitution.

5

12 hrs

Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic, drug interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs. Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies,

## REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmkar and Sunil B. Jaiswal., VallabPrakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. LandYuABC, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985

4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R.Hiremath,Prism Book
5. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, MarcelDekker Inc.,New York, 1982
6. Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics,Swarbrick. J, Leaand Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition byMalcolmRowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia,1995
8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack PublishingCompany, Pennsylvania 1989
9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4<sup>th</sup>edition, revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, NewYork and Basel,1987.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner andM.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton,Illinois, 1971.
11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick,James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
12. Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition,Sunil S JambhekarandPhilip JBreen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
13. Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and ChargeState, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.

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**M. Pharm – I year II Sem. (Pharmaceutical Technology)**

**L T P C**  
**4 0 0 4**

**(17S08202) SCALE UP AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER**

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on scale up, technology transfer process and industrial safety issues.

Objectives:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Manage the scale up process in pharmaceutical industry.
- Assist in technology transfer.
- To establish safety guidelines, which prevent industrial hazards.

**THEORY**

60 Hrs

1.

12Hrs

Pilot plant design: Basic requirements for design, facility, equipment selection, for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, parenteral and semisolid preparations.

Scale up: Importance, Technology transfer from R & D to pilot plant to plant scale, process scale up for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, semisolids, parenteral, NDSS products – stress on formula, equipments, product uniformity, stability, raw materials, physical layout, input, in-process and finished product specifications, problems encountered during transfer of technology

2

12Hrs

Validation: General concepts, types, procedures & protocols, documentation, VMF. Analytical method validation, cleaning validation and vendor qualification.

3

12Hrs

Equipment Qualification: Importance, IQ, OQ, PQ for equipments – autoclave, DHS, membrane filter, rapid mixer granulator, cone blender, FBD, tablet compression machine, liquid filling and sealing machine. Aseptic room validation.

4

12Hrs

Process validation: Importance, validation of mixing, granulation, drying, compression, tablet coating, liquid filling and sealing, sterilization, water process systems, environmental control.

Industrial safety: Hazards – fire, mechanical, electrical, chemical and pharmaceutical, Monitoring & prevention systems, industrial effluent testing & treatment. Control of environmental pollution.

## REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical process validation, JR Berry, Nash, Vol 57, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Pharmaceutical Production facilities, design and applications, by GC Cole, Taylor and Francis.
3. Pharmaceutical project management, T. Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. The theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L. Lachman, H.A. Lieberman, Varghese Publ. Bombay.
5. Tablet machine instruments in pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, John Wiley.
6. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Tablets, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Parenteral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
8. Dispersed system Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Subrahmanyam, CVS, Pharmaceutical production and Management, 2007, Vallabh Prakashan, Dehli.

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**4 0 0 4**

**(17S08203) PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY**

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in Production

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Handle the scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- Manage the production of large batches of pharmaceutical formulations.

THEORY

60 Hrs

Improved Tablet Production: Tablet production process, unit

1.

12Hrs

Operation improvements, granulation and pelletization equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered.

Coating Technology: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, and application techniques. Problems encountered.

2

12Hrs

Parenteral Production: Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance.

3

12Hrs

Lyophilization & Spray drying Technology: Principles, process, freeze-drying and spray drying equipments.

4

12Hrs

Capsule Production: Production process, improved capsule manufacturing and filling machines for hard and soft gelatin capsules. Layout and problems encountered. Disperse Systems Production: Production processes, applications of mixers, mills, disperse equipments including

finesolids dispersion, problems encountered. Packaging Technology: Types of packaging materials, machinery, labeling, package printing for different dosage forms.

5

12Hrs

Air Handling Systems: Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control, air filtration systems, dust collectors. Water Treatment Process: Techniques and maintenance – RO, DM, ultra – filtration, WFI.

### **REFERENCES**

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L. Lachman, Varghese Publ, Bombay.
2. Modern Pharmaceutics by Banker, Vol 72, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Parenteral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Pharmaceutical Production Facilities, design and applications, by G.C. Cole, Taylor and Francis.
6. Dispersed System Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Product design and testing of polymeric materials by N.P. Cheremisinoff.
8. Pharmaceutical Project Management, T. Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Packaging Pharmaceutical and Health Care, H. Lockhard.
10. Quality Control of Packaging Materials in Pharmaceutical Industry, Kharburn, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Freeze drying / Lyophilization of Pharmaceuticals & Biological Products, L. Ray, Vol 96, Marcel Dekker, NY.
12. Tablet Machine Instrumentation In Pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, Ellis Horwoods, UK.

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**4 0 0 4**

**(17S03204) COSMETICS AND COSMECEUTICALS**

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary For the fundamental need for cosmetic and cosmeceutical products.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to understand

- Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
- Key building blocks for various formulations.
- Current technologies in the market
- Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics andcosmeceuticals
- Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals withdesired Safety, stability, and efficacy.

**THEORY**

**60 Hrs**

1. 12 hrs

Cosmetics – Regulatory : Definition of cosmetic products as perIndian regulation. Indian regulatory requirements for labeling ofcosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import of cosmetics.,Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisionsrelating to manufacture of cosmetics – Conditions for obtaininglicense, prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics,loan license, offences and penalties.

2

12 hrs

Cosmetics - Biological aspects : Structure of skin relating toproblems like dry skin, acne, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinklesand body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Commonproblems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needsfor face, eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body andunder-arm.

3

12 hrs

Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for differentproduct formulations of cosmetics/cosmeceuticals. Surfactants –Classification and application. Emollients, rheological additives:classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives,their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservativeefficacy. Building blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream,vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo and toothpaste. Soapsand syndetbars.

Perfumes; Classification of perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation. Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formaldehyde liberators, dioxane.

4

12 hrs

Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun-protection, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles, body odor, dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceutical formulations.

5

12 hrs

Herbal Cosmetics : Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skincare and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like Cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics.

## **REFERENCES**

1. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th edition.
2. Poucher's perfume cosmetics and Soaps, 10th edition.
3. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, P.P. Sharma, 4th edition
4. Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O. Barel, M. Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3rd edition
5. Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers' catalogue.
6. CTFA directory.

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR**

**M. Pharm – I year II Sem. (Pharmaceutical Technology)**

**L T P C**  
**0 0 6 3**

**(17S10202) PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL-II**

1. To study the effect of temperature change , non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation
2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads
3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres
4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes
5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules
6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
8. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
9. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.
10. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software
11. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR**

**M. Pharm – I year II Sem. (Pharmaceutical Technology)**

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**0 0 6 3**

**(17S10203) PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL-III**

1. DoE Using Design Expert® Software
2. Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert® Software
3. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development
4. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics
5. Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
6. To develop Clinical Data Collection manual
7. To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.
8. Development and evaluation of Creams
9. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base
10. To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products
11. To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff

**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR**

**M. Pharm – III Sem. (Pharmaceutical Technology)**

**L T P C**  
**4 0 0 4**

**(17S01301) RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & BIostatISTICS**

**UNIT – I**

General Research Methodology: Research, objective, requirements, practical difficulties, review of literature, study design, types of studies, strategies to eliminate errors/bias, controls, randomization, crossover design, placebo, blinding techniques.

**UNIT – II**

Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, statistical tests of significance, type of significance tests, parametric tests (students “t” test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), non-parametric tests (wilcoxon rank tests, analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test), null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values.

**UNIT – III**

Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication, control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns, truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest, referral, vendor relationships, treatment of family members, sexual relationships, fatality.

**UNIT – IV**

CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility: Goals, veterinary care, quarantine, surveillance, diagnosis, treatment and control of disease, personal hygiene, location of animal facilities to laboratories, anesthesia, euthanasia, physical facilities, environment, animal husbandry, record keeping, SOPs, personnel and training, transport of lab animals.

**UNIT – V**

Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.